



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Forest
Service

Fishlake National Forest
Beaver Ranger District
Fax (435) 438-1242

575 South Main, PO Box E
Beaver, UT 84713
Phone (435) 438-2436

File Code: 2210 Pine Creek/Sulphur Beds

Date: June 15, 2009

«PermitName»

«Address»

«City», «State» «Zip»

**PINE CREEK/SULPHUR BEDS
ALLOTMENT
AMENDED 2009 ANNUAL OPERATING
INSTRUCTIONS**

Dear «Greeting»

Thank you for meeting with Doug Sorensen and Art Partridge on March 31, 2009 and taking part in the development of the 2009 Annual Operating Instructions for the Pine Creek/Sulphurbeds Beds Allotment. This letter documents the meeting, serves as the 2009 Annual Operating Instructions and is part of your term grazing permit consistent with Part 1 item 3 and Part 2 item 8(a). Upon payment of grazing fees, maintenances of improvements and installing the proper ear tags, you are authorized to graze your cattle as specified in the Bill for Collection (copy attached).

As we discussed, we will not enter the first unit until the key forage species have headed out. This may require you to delay entry for one to two weeks. We also discussed that the recurring drought, in combination with the amount and timing of grazing over the years, has impacted forage production. We are projecting that forage production will still be reduced, so livestock may need to be removed from the allotment before the permitted off-date. We again remind you to develop a contingency plan that will reduce impacts to your overall operation if utilization of forage resources requires early removal of your livestock.

Pine Creek-Sulphurbeds Allotment 2009 Grazing Schedule

| Pasture | Rotation Sequence | Number of Cattle | Season of Use |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Sulphur Beds | First | 216 | Enter June 16 Graze until July 25 |
| Clark Bradshaw | | 60 | Or until Allowable Use Standards are met |
| Y Livestock | | 78 | <u>(30% use in key areas)</u> |
| Lee R. Yardley | | 78 | |
| Cove Creek | Second | 216 | July 26 to Sept 30 |
| Clark Bradshaw | | | or until Allowable Use Standards are met |
| Y Livestock | | | (some use at Butterfly Flat after Aug. 16) |
| Lee R. Yardley | | | |
| Pine Creek | First | 384 | Enter June 16, Graze to August 15 |
| Darrell Yardley | | 72 | or Allowable Use Standards are met. |
| Clark Bradshaw | | 249 | |
| Robert & Joe Yardley | | 63 | |
| Little North Creek | Last | 384 | Enter after Pine Creek |
| Darrell Yardley | | 72 | Graze to Allowable Use Standards or Sept. |
| Clark Bradshaw | | 249 | 30, whichever comes first. |
| Robert & Joe Yardley | | 63 | |
| Wildcat | Rest | | As agreed, rest for two years |



---- **ALL LIVESTOCK ARE TO BE REMOVED BY SEPTEMBER 30** ----

Dependant on range readiness, grazing may begin June 16, 2009. Begin grazing in the Pine Creek and Sulphurbeds units. Try to keep the cattle in the lower elevations early in the season then allow cattle to naturally drift into the respective summer use areas. Cattle need to be well distributed within pastures. When utilization limits are reached within an area of a pasture, the livestock must be moved to other light use areas or removed from the forest. Please distribute cattle in a fashion that will place cattle in units different than where they have previously been to improve the distribution.

We will again be requiring actual use information for the allotment. Please complete the enclosed form and return two weeks after livestock are removed from the forest. Mail it to Forest Service P.O. Box E Beaver, Utah 84713 or drop it off at the forest service office at 575 South Main, Beaver.

Annual operating Instructions Modification Procedures

During the grazing season situations may develop which require changes to these instructions. If modifications are necessary, or if you cannot comply with some part of these instructions, contact the District Ranger to obtain approval before initiating any changes or deviating from these instructions.

Prior years Grazing and Livestock Management.

As you are aware, we have now read utilization studies in 4 pastures and several trend studies. The initial results indicate that we have been over-using the allotment and point to the need to improve our management. Our work with the Tushar Collaboration group has identified a list of improvement possibilities that we can use to formulate a new Allotment Management Plan. Several items that we must improve include better riparian conditions, increased aspen regeneration and overall improvement in livestock control.

Permittee Management Responsibilities

A. Livestock Distribution, Control and Salting

To achieve compliance with the forage utilization standards will require you to invest in somewhat constant (2 to 3 days per week) riding and herding. We advise you to scatter the cows as you enter the pasture and keep them away from the riparian and key areas. Also, note which cattle that you continually remove from riparian areas. It may be in your best interest to replace these cattle with some that seem to use the upland areas on their own. Salting and herding as well as managing your water properly between pastures encourage good distribution in all pastures.

Use salt or mineral supplement to draw cattle away from heavy use areas and into lightly used areas. **Do not salt or place cattle within ¼ mile of developed water sources, burned or**

recently logged areas, aspen stands or riparian areas. It is your responsibility to ensure the key areas and riparian areas do not receive excessive use. More responsibility is being placed on you as a permittee to move cattle when proper use has been reached. Do not rely on the Forest Service to tell you when to move your cattle. **We recommend that a full time rider be used on the allotment this year.**

Adequate livestock control on the allotment is becoming a more difficult task each year. Please frequently check gates within the pastures and insure they are closed as needed. When cattle are moved from the grazed unit all cattle will be gathered and moved within 5 days to the next scheduled pasture. Previously used and rested pasture should be checked frequently and move stray cattle to the proper unit or be removed from the allotment.

We recommend that you closely coordinate your livestock removal with Nuel Chlarson the Joe Lott/Fish Creek manager. Please cooperate in keeping gates either open or closed as agreed. Specifically, cooperate in the management of the gate under the I-70 underpass.

B. Improvements

I must stress the importance of maintaining fences this year. Improvements must be maintained before cattle are allowed to enter the allotment or next scheduled pasture. This maintenance includes boundary and pasture division fences, water developments and gates. Juniper posts can be cut on National Forest System Lands to maintain fences. Please remember that improvements in any rested pasture must be maintained even though it will be rested. The assigned allotment boundary fences bordering the neighboring allotments are always a high priority.

We are also getting some unauthorized use from the private and BLM lands. Notify the Forest Service immediately at (435) 438-2436 or 575 South Main, Beaver if you observe “trespass” livestock on the Forest. Forage used by trespass livestock counts toward your utilization so functional fences and gates are critical to prevent this use.

Utilization Monitoring

Livestock grazing on the Beaver Ranger District will be administered to insure long-term sustainability of the forage resource. We will continue to install and monitor utilization stations at selected key areas on the allotment. You are encouraged to be involved with the monitoring and placement of these stations.

The utilization standards (see appendix) will again be in effect this grazing season. It is the permit holders’ responsibility to monitor utilization and move livestock between pastures or remove livestock when these limits have been reached. Do not wait for someone from the District to tell you to move your cattle. We will strictly follow the utilization standards in the Forest Plan and will implement appropriate actions if the utilization is exceeded. Exceeding these standards may be considered as non-compliance with your Term grazing Permit and may be subject to suspension or cancellation of the permit.

The moisture from last winter and this spring shows a turn in the drought, but the forage plants are at a critical stage to regain their stability and vigor. We expect forage growth to still be reduced. Consequently this may require earlier moves between pastures and removal from the allotment before the permitted off-date. Please plan on moving faster than normal and removing livestock early in the grazing season.

Other Resource Coordination

Noxious Weeds:

We will again treat noxious weeds on the Beaver Ranger District. To reduce the risk of new infestations, the Regional Forester's Order Number 04-00-058, dated March 29, 1996, is still in effect. This order directs any hay or straw used in association with this permit will be certified and tagged as noxious weed free, or noxious weed seed free. I also encourage you to take aggressive action whenever you encounter noxious weeds. Please let us know immediately the location of any noxious weeds, so we can treat, control and monitor them.

The re-vegetation emphasis this year will be a continuation of the prescribed burning program. The burning will now move to the Little North Creek Pasture in 2009 or 2010.

I want to thank you for your continued interest in the management of the allotment. If you have any questions or concerns contact Reggie Swenson at (435) 438-2436 or desk and voice mail at (435) 896-1039 or cell phone at (435) 310-0122, e-mail rsvenson@fs.fed.us. Your efforts to improve the condition of the resource are greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

David A. Sabo
Acting District Ranger

Appendix

| Maximum Allowable Forage Use Criteria | | |
|--|---|--|
| Vegetation Type | Stubble Height/Use | Comments |
| Riparian Hydric Species | 4" | Triggers the time to move livestock between units or off the allotment |
| Riparian Emphasis Management Areas | 6" | Triggers the time to move livestock between units or off the allotment |
| Non-hydric Sod-Forming Grass Species in Riparian Areas | 1 ½ " | Primarily Kentucky bluegrass--Triggers the time to move livestock between units or off the allotment |
| Wheatgrass Seedlings | 60% | Management option to exceed 60% use to maintain healthy seedlings |
| Riparian/Upland Browse Sprouts and Young-Aged Plants | ≤40% | # of current year's available twigs removed |
| Riparian/Upland Mature Browse | ≤50% | # of current year's available twigs removed |
| Upland Grass/Forb | 40-60% of key species; varies by grazing system and desired condition | 40 % of current year's growth |
| Riparian Ground Cover | Maintain ground cover of at least 70% within riparian areas | |

Maintenance Standards for Range Improvements: Stock water Developments, Troughs, Pipelines and Stock water Ponds are as follows:

1. All spring source facilities will be adequately protected or fenced and fences made to prevent livestock from getting into the source or the head box.
2. Head box lids or covers shall be in place to prevent dirt, rodents or other refuse, from entering the head box.
3. All outlet pipes and valves from head boxes should be functioning and any leaking should be kept to minimum.
4. Water troughs will be kept at heights that make them useable to livestock. Troughs, which have soil loss from trampling livestock, will be periodically backfilled to maintain a useable height.
5. Troughs, which become uneven due to settling will be reset and leveled.
6. Bottom of trough will be kept clear of the ground with at least two to four inches of bottom of trough to prevent rusting or decomposition.
7. Water will not be allowed to overflow the sides of the troughs. Overflow water shall be piped away from troughs at least 50 feet. The end of the overflow should be protected from trampling by livestock. Water from the overflow pipe must be directed away from the area.
8. Inlet and outlet pipe shall be protected by anchoring to the trough with single post wired to the inlet pipe and brace or pole supporting the outlet pipe. Inlet and outlet pipeline will be secured as needed for their protection.
9. All troughs should be equipped with a floating board or pole secured near one end of the trough and extends out into the trough far enough to provide a platform from which animals can escape or drink from the trough. It can also serve to help prevent the tank from freeze pressure.
10. Troughs, storage tanks, and pipelines will be drained and cleaned periodically to prevent algae

buildup and damage from freezing.

11. Poles, posts, and trough-framing materials used in the construction of the water trough will be maintained, repaired or replaced as needed.
12. Pipeline leaks will be repaired or the damaged section replaced with like materials and the repaired section buried to the original depth.
13. Pipelines with valve cover boxes will be kept covered and repaired as needed.
14. Stock water ponds will be kept clear of debris, floating logs, dead animals, etc. Spillways will be maintained to prevent washing out or becoming plugged. Rodent damage will be reported to the District Ranger.

Range Fences and Corrals

1. All broken wires will be spliced, repaired and re-stretched to maintain proper tension. Wire splices will be made with 12-gauge size wire or type of wire used in initial construction.
2. Broken or rotten posts, broken braces and missing stapes will be replaced where and when needed to make the fence functional.
3. Wires will be re-stretched where needed.
4. Broken or missing stays will be replaced where needed.
5. The top wire on all range fences should be kept less than 42 inches in height.
6. Staples should not be driven so deep into the post that they scar or create a weak spot.
7. All gates should be closed before livestock enter the grazing units and opened and tied after livestock leave the allotment.
8. Wire gate tension should be sufficient to prevent the gate from sagging and still be closed. Gate loops should be made from smooth wire, not barbed wire.

We also identified several other projects that will be added to our list. These include:

| Fences/Cattleguards | Troughs/Ponds |
|---|--|
| | Dipping Vat Spring |
| Cattle Guards at Wildcat and West Forest Boundary | Soap Spring, Upper and Lower Salt Spring Troughs |
| | |

FISHLAKE NATIONAL FOREST BEAVER RANGER DISTRICT

ALLOTMENT NAME: Pine Creek

INFRA #: 03006

SEASON OF USE: 6/16 - 9/30 **TOTAL # PERMITTED:** 600 x 3.5000 = 2100 HM

NO. OF PASTURES & NAMES: _____

NEPA DATE: _____

AMP DATE: _____

EAR TAG COLOR: Black w/white Yr. **CHANGED:** 2009 **NO. SEQUENCE:** 001 to 660

Updated: 3/05/2009

| PERMITTEE NAME: | NUMBER PERMITTED | PERMIT TYPE | DATE PERMIT EXPIRES | TAG NUMBERS |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Br, C Beaver, UT 84713 | 309 Temp 31 Total 340 | TERM | 12/31/05 | 001 to 309 601 to 631 |
| Y Ranch Co. LLC Beaver, UT 84713 | 72 7 Total 79 | | | 460 to 537 647 to 654 |
| Ya, D Beaver, UT 84713 | 72 7 Total 79 | TERM | 12/31/2006 | 310 to 381 632 to 638 |
| Ya, L Beaver, UT 84713 | 78 Temp 8 Total 86 | TERM | 12/31/2006 | 382 to 459 639 to 646 |
| Ya, J Beaver, UT 84713 | 63 Temp 6 Total 69 | TERM | 12/31/2006 | 538 to 600 655 to 660 |
| | | | | |

ACTUAL USE, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

2009 GRAZING SEASON

ALLOTMENT: «Allotment»

Permittee «PermitName»

| Pasture | Sequence | Entry Date | Exit Date | No. Of Cattle |
|---------|----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

I maintained the following improvements this year _____

Material Cost \$ _____ Labor Cost \$ _____

Number of days spent managing the allotment _____

Death Loss: _____ Cows, _____ Calves. Caused by: Poisonous plants _____
Disease _____

Comments: _____

Return form at end of Grazing Season

Return form to: District Ranger
PO Box E
Beaver, Utah 84713